Introduction

The Gujarat Judiciary exam is a highly competitive and challenging exam that requires thorough preparation and dedication. To succeed in this exam, candidates need to have a clear understanding of the syllabus, scheme of the examination as well as a strategic study plan. In this article, we will discuss syllabus of the examination, scheme and some effective tips on how to prepare for the Gujarat Judiciary exam.

Scheme of the Examination

The examination is conducted in three stages, namely-

1. Preliminary Examination

- Objective type
- No of questions- 100
- Each question carries- 1 mark
- Negative marking- 0.33
- Time duration- 2 hours
- Minimum qualifying marks- 50%

2. Main examination

- Subjective type
- Total no. of papers- 3
- Paper I- Criminal Law for 75 marks, duration 150 minutes
- Paper II- Civil Law for 75 marks, duration- 150 minutes
- Paper III- Gujarati Language for 50 marks, duration- 90 minutes
- 3. Viva-voce
 - This is the last stage of the examination to check the candidate's ability, character and intellectual depth, the power of communication, skills, attitudes, ethics, and balance of judgment.
 - Minimum qualifying marks- 40%

Syllabus of the Examination

1. Syllabus for the Prelims

The Prelims Question paper consists of Part A, B and C.

Part A

- 1. The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973
- 2. The Negotiable Instruments Act of 1881
- 3. The Indian Evidence Act of 1872
- 4. The Indian penal Code, 1860
- 5. The Gujarat Prohibition Act of 1949

Part - B

- 1. The Indian Contract Act of 1872
- 2. The Constitution of India
- 3. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
- 4. The Limitation Act of 1963

Part – C

- 1. English Language,
- 2. General Knowledge,
- 3. Mental/Numerical/Basic Computer Applications, Test of Reasoning.
- 4. Among the 100 questions, 75 will be in English, and the other 25 will be in the Gujarat language

2. Main Examination Syllabus

Paper 1. Criminal

- 1. Code of Criminal Procedure of 1973
- 2. Probation of Offenders Act of 1958
- 3. Indian Penal Code of 1860
- 4. Indian Evidence Act of 1872
- 5. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act of 2015
- 6. Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act of 2015
- 7. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act of 1956
- 8. Gujarat Prevention of Gambling Act of 1887
- 9. Negotiable Instruments Act of 1881
- 10. Pre-conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act of 1994
- 11. Registration of Births and Deaths Act of 1969

Paper 2. (Civil)

1. The Limitation Act of 1963

- 2. The Indian Partnership Act of 1932
- 3. The Code of Civil Procedure of 1908
- 4. The Gujarat Court Fees Act of 2004
- 5. The Specific Relief Act of 1963

Paper 3

Gujarati Language

How to Prepare for the examination

A candidate by following the below mentioned steps may prepare for the Gujarat Judiciary Services effectively.

- Understand the Syllabus The first step in preparing for the Gujarat Judiciary exam is to understand the syllabus thoroughly. The syllabus is divided into different subjects such as Civil Law, Criminal Law. Candidates should carefully go through the syllabus and understand the topics that are covered under each subject. This will help them in creating a study plan and focusing on the areas that need more attention.
- 2. Focus upon the language- Gujarat Judiciary Services also includes Gujarati as a language which makes it different from any other language, therefore candidates especially need to prepare for Gujarati language if they wish to target Gujarat Judiciary Services.
- 3. **Create a Study Plan** Once the syllabus is understood, it is important to create a study plan that includes all the subjects and topics that need to be covered. A well-structured study plan will help candidates in managing their time effectively and covering all the topics before the exam. It is important to allocate specific time slots for each subject and topic, and also include regular revisions in the study plan.
- 4. **Refer to Standard Study Material** To prepare for the Gujarat Judiciary exam, it is important to refer to standard study material that covers all the topics in the syllabus. There are various books and study guides available in the market that are specifically designed for this exam. Candidates should choose the study material that is recommended by experts and covers all the important topics in a comprehensive manner.
- **5.** Take Mock Tests Mock tests are an essential part of exam preparation as they help in assessing the candidate's preparation level. Candidates should take regular mock tests to evaluate their knowledge and understanding of the subjects. Mock tests also help in improving time management skills and identifying weak areas that need more attention. There are many online platforms that offer mock tests for the Gujarat Judiciary exam, and candidates should make use of these resources.

- 6. Stay Updated with Current Legal Affairs- Legal knowledge and General Knowledge is an important section in the Gujarat Judiciary exam, and candidates should stay updated with current affairs and news. They should read newspapers, watch news channels, and follow online news portals to stay informed about the latest events and developments. Candidates can also refer to monthly magazines that cover current affairs in a comprehensive manner.
- 7. Join Coaching Classes For those who require additional guidance and support, joining coaching classes can be beneficial. There are many coaching institutes that offer specialized courses for the Gujarat Judiciary exam. These classes provide expert guidance, study material, and regular mock tests that can help candidates in their preparation.
- 8. **Revise Regularly** -Regular revision is crucial for retaining information and improving memory recall. Candidates should revise the topics regularly to ensure that they have a strong grasp on all the subjects. Revision also helps in reinforcing concepts and correcting any mistakes made during the initial preparation.

Conclusion

In conclusion, preparing for the Gujarat Judiciary exam requires dedication, hard work, and strategic planning. By understanding the syllabus, creating a study plan, referring to standard study material, taking mock tests, staying updated with current affairs, joining coaching classes, revising regularly, and maintaining a healthy and positive mindset, candidates can increase their chances of success in this competitive exam. With consistent effort and determination, aspiring judges can achieve their goal of clearing the Gujarat Judiciary exam and pursuing a career in the judicial field.